

Math 121 - Calculus I
Exam 1: Practice Exam

Name:
Section:

Please be sure to neatly **show and explain all of your work** and clearly label your answers. Except for your index card, this exam is a closed-book, closed-notebook exam. Calculators are not allowed.

Please write and sign the Honor Pledge here when you are done:

Signed:

Problem	Points
1	/12
2	/10
3	/10
4	/8
5	/12
6	/8
Total	/60

1. Please compute the following. For each, show all work and clearly explain your reasoning.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 - 4x + 3}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x(x - 3)}{x - 2}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{4x - x^2}{x - 2}$

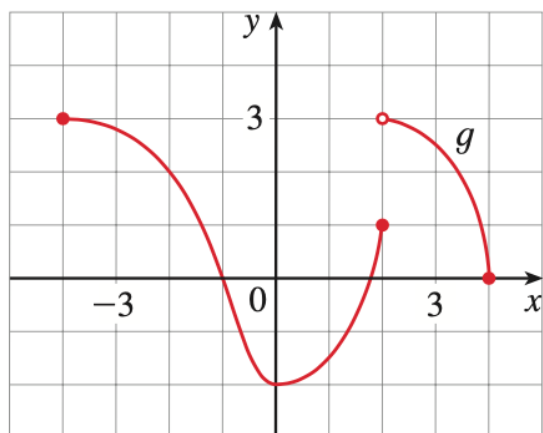
2. Consider the function

$$f(x) = e^{2\sqrt{x-3}}.$$

(a) What is the domain of $f(x)$? Please explain.

(b) Find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$, the inverse of $f(x)$. Show all work.

3. Suppose that the following is a graph of $g(x)$.



(a) What is the value of $(g \circ g \circ g)(4)$? Show your work.

(b) Please sketch a graph of $g(-x) + 2$.

4. (a) Define what it means for a function to be continuous at $x = a$. (What three conditions must hold for the function to be continuous at a ?)

- (b) Consider the function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 2 \\ bx^2 & \text{if } x < 2. \end{cases}$$

For what value of b is this function continuous for all x ? Clearly explain your reasoning. (It may help to draw a picture here. It's not required, but it might help you sort out your thinking.)

5. Suppose that for $t > 0$, the position of a particle at time t is given by

$$s(t) = \frac{1}{t}.$$

- (a) Sketch the graph of $s(t)$.

- (b) Find the average velocity of the particle between time $t = 1$ and $t = 1 + h$.

- (c) Express the instantaneous velocity of the particle at time $t = 1$ as a limit of average velocities. (Note: *you do not need to compute the limit.*)

- (d) What feature of the graph from part (a) does your answer to part (c) measure?

6. Please give an example of a function satisfying each of the following conditions. For each, please give the algebraic expression of your function as well as a graph of your function.

(Hint: your examples do not need to be complicated! Keep in mind our basic functions as you consider this question.)

(a) A vertical asymptote at $x = 5$.

(b) A horizontal asymptote at $y = 2$.

(c) A removable discontinuity at $x = 2$.