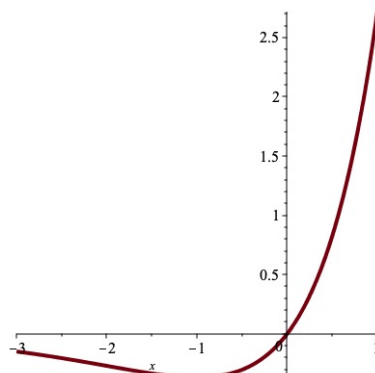


MATH 122: Calculus II  
Some Notes on Assignment 9

**I: Section 6.3: 37, 47, 54**

**Exercise 37 :** Use Product Rule:  $f'(x) = (1+x)e^x$  and  $f''(x) = (2+x)e^x$ . There is a relative minimum at  $x = -1$  where the value of the function  $f$  is  $\frac{-1}{e}$ . There is a point of inflection on the graph of  $f$  at  $(-2, f(-2))$



Exercise 37: Graph of  $xe^x$

**Exercise 47:** (a) Height at age 1 =  $h(1) = 75.771 \text{ cm}$  and rate of growth =  $h'(1) = 15.982 \text{ cm/yr}$ .  
(b)  $h''(x)$  is negative for all  $x$  so rate of growth is always decreasing.

**Exercise 54:** The maximum revenue would be  $\$15000e^{-1} \approx \$5518.19$

**II: Section 6.4: 19, 25, 31**

**Exercise 19:** Let  $u = 1 + 2 \cos x$ . Answer is  $\frac{-3}{2} \ln |1 + 2 \cos x| + C$

**Exercise 25:** Write the integral as  $\int (\cot x^{1/3}) x^{-2/3} dx$ . Note that  $(x^{1/3})' = \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3}$ . Answer is  $3 \ln |\sin x^{1/3}| + C$

**Exercise 31:**  $\ln |\csc x - \cot x| + \cos x + C$

**III: Section 6.5: 1, 8, 17**

**Exercise 1:**  $(\ln 7)^{7^x}$ .

**Exercise 8:**  $(-2 \ln 3)x^{3^{2-x^2}}$

**Exercise 17:**  $ex^{e-1} + e^x$ .